



Workshop 9.5a: ANCOVA

Murray Logan

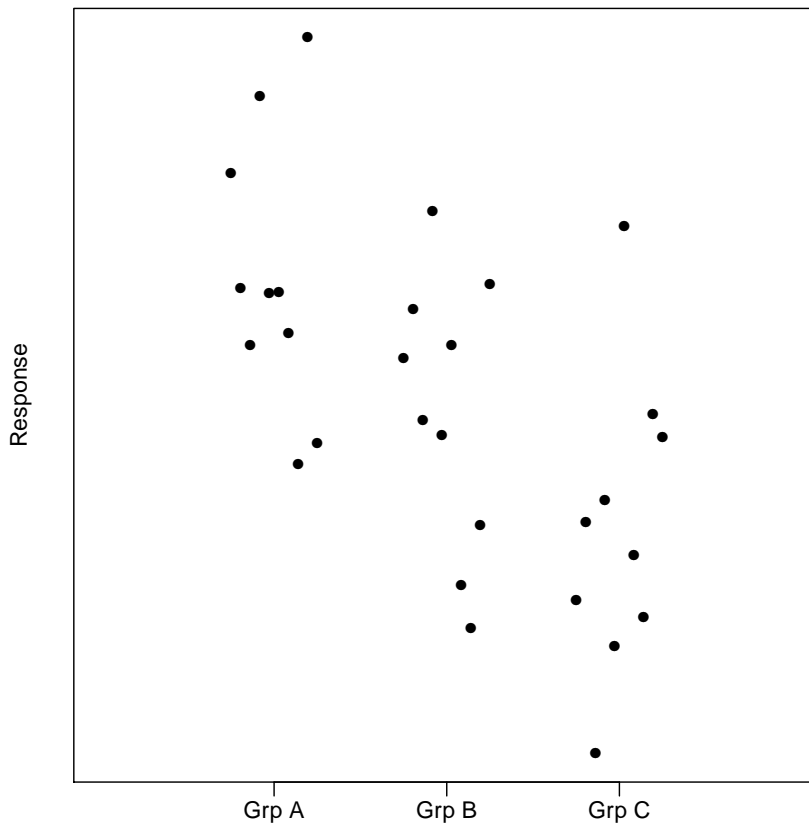
June 14, 2015

Table of contents

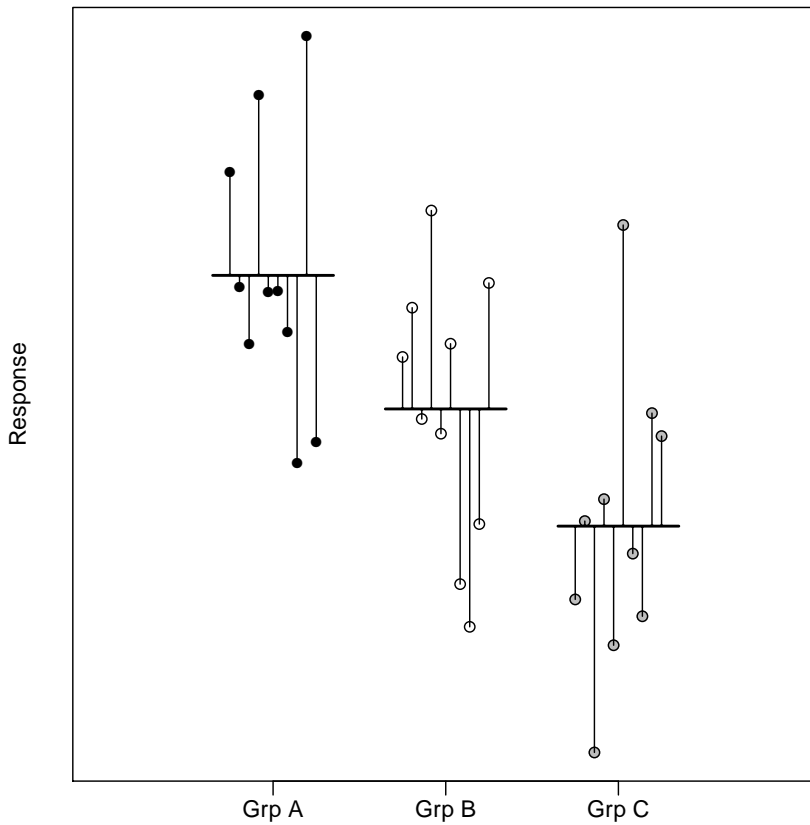
1	Analysis of Covariance	1
2	Worked Examples	5

1. Analysis of Covariance

1.1. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)



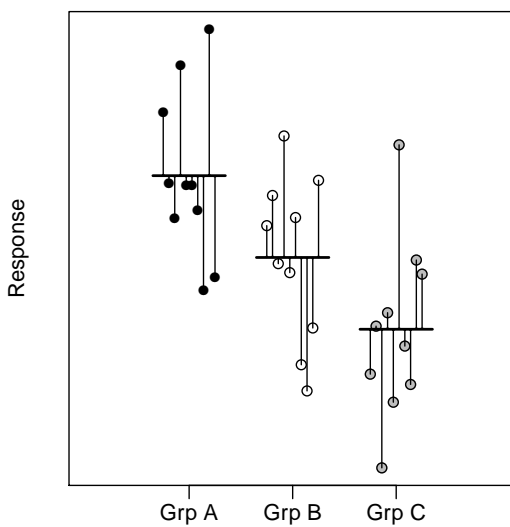
1.2. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)



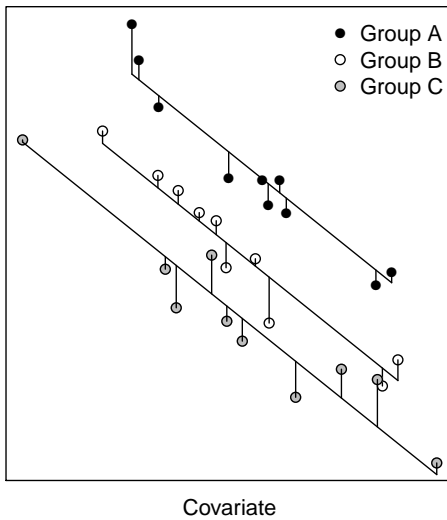
1.3. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

- add continuous **covariate**
 - reduce **unexplained** variance
 - increase **power** of test

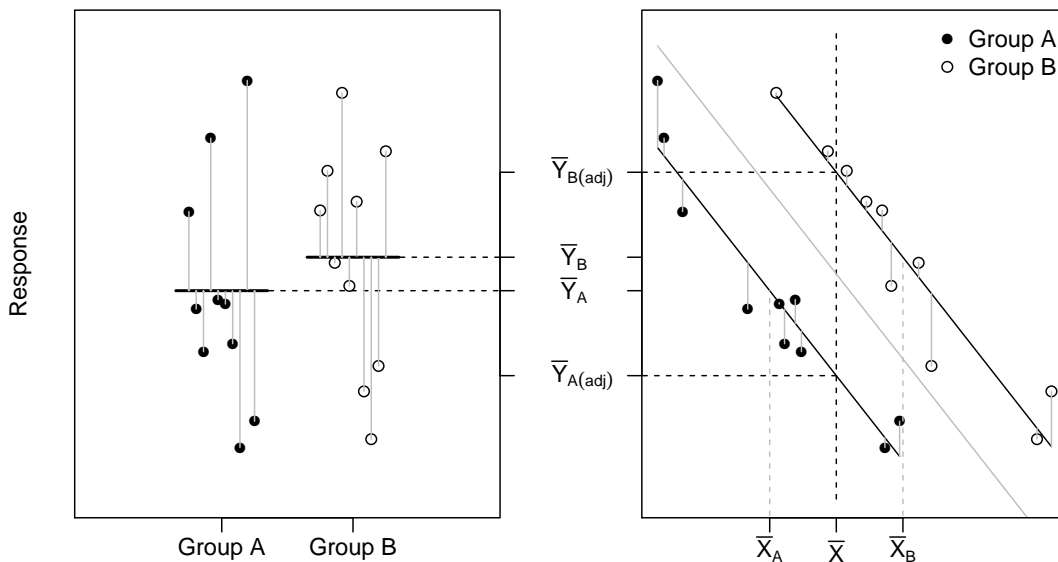
0.4



0.4



1.4. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

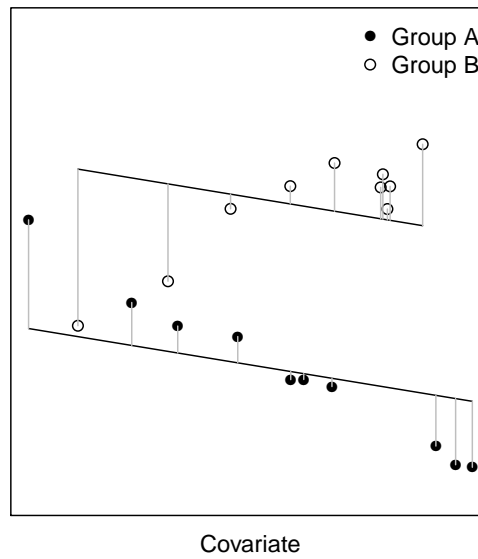
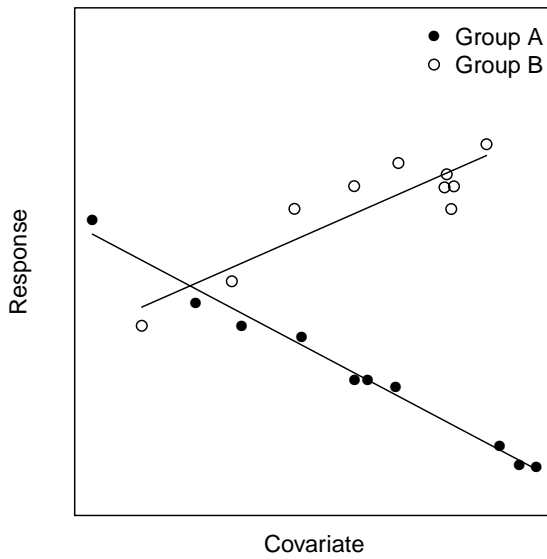


1.5. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

1.5.1. Assumptions

1. Normality (residuals)
2. Homogeneity of variance (residuals)
3. Independence
4. **Homogeneity of slopes**

1.6. Homogeneity of Slopes



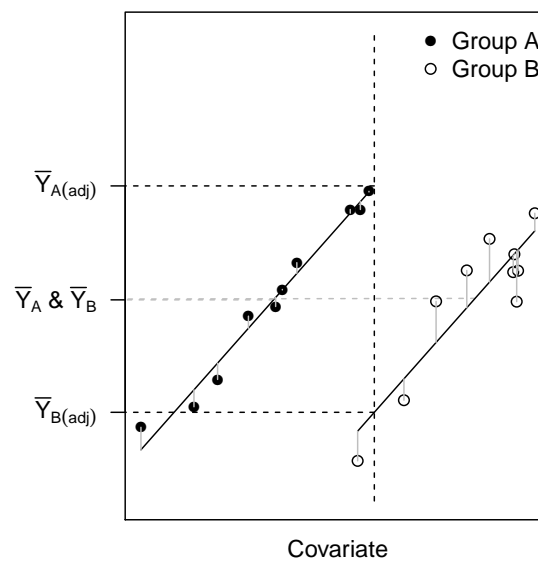
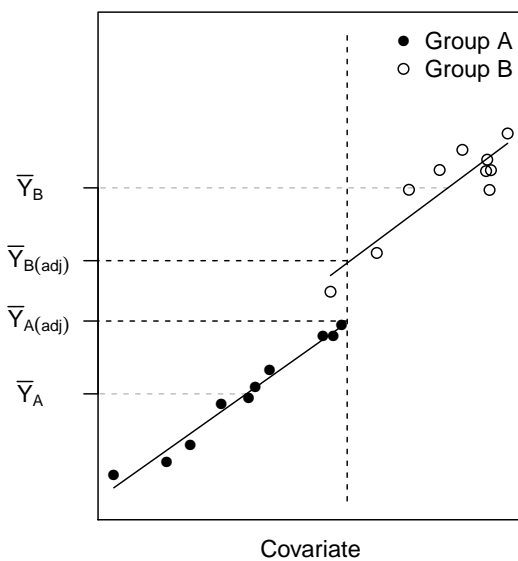
- no interaction effects

1.7. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

1.7.1. Assumptions

1. Normality (residuals)
2. Homogeneity of variance (residuals)
3. Independence
4. **Homogeneity of slopes**
5. **Similar covariate range**

1.8. Covariate range





1.9. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

1.9.1. Design balance

- ANCOVA designs are inherently **imbalanced**
- Need to use **Type II** or **III SS**

1.10. Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA)

1.10.1. Offsets

- Standardize the response for a covariate
- Does not cost a degree of freedom

2. Worked Examples

2.1. Worked Examples

```
> partridge <- read.csv('../data/partridge1.csv', strip.white=T)
> head(partridge)
```

	TREATMENT	THORAX	LONGEV
1	Preg8	0.64	35
2	Preg8	0.68	37
3	Preg8	0.68	49
4	Preg8	0.72	46
5	Preg8	0.72	63
6	Preg8	0.76	39